

CRC NA Life Science Supporting module: <i>SEPUP</i> Ecology		In sixth grade students develop an understanding of how energy from the Sun is transferred through ecosystems. The ecosystem to focus on is the Sonoran Desert. Lessons in the CR Indigenous/Native American viewpoint will align with the Teaching Indigenous Science Framework.			
Core Ideas for Knowing Science				Core Ideas for Using Sc	ience
L2: Organisms require a supply of energy and materials for which often depend on, or compete with, other organisms.		ich they	 U1: Scientists explain phenomena using evidence obtained from observations and or scientific investigations. Evidence may lead to developing models and/or theories to make sense of phenomena. As new evidence is discovered, models and theories can be revised. U3: Applications of science often have both positive and negative ethical social, economic, and/or political implications. 		
Science & Engineering Practices Anchoring		Phenomena		Crosscutting Concepts	
Ask questions and	d define problems	Biome in a	<u>Bottle</u>		Patterns
Develop and use models		Different biomes atop Babad Do'ag vs. Lower		abad Do'ag vs. Lower	Cause and Effect
Plan and carry out investigations		desert (Tohono O'odham)		n)	Structure and Function
Analyze and inter	pret data	Saguaros as nurse plants under trees like palo		s under trees like palo	Systems and System Models
Use mathematics and computational thinking		<u>verdes</u>			Stability and Change
Construct explan	ations and design solutions	_	ligh Biodiversity in the Sonoran Desert		Scale, Proportion, and Quantity
Engage in argument from evidence		-	crease in the number and acreage of fires in		Energy and Matter
Obtain, evaluate, and communicate					
information Drop in wat		<u>er levels, aq</u>	<u>uifers</u>		
2018 Arizona Gra	de 6 Life Science Standards				
6.L2U3.11 Use evidence to construct an argument regarding the impact of human activities on the environment and how they positively and negatively affect the competition for energy and resources in ecosystems.					



6.L2U1.13	Develop and use models to demonstrate the interdependence of organisms and their environment including biotic and abiotic factors.		
6.L2U1.14	Construct a model that shows cycling of matter and flow of energy in ecosystems.		
Social Justice Sta	andards		
6-8 Anchor Stand	dards and Grade Le	vel Outcomes and Scenarios	
Identity	ID.6-8.1	I know and like who I am and can comfortably talk about my family and myself and describe our various group identities.	
Diversity	DI.6-8.6	I interact with people who are similar to and different from me, and I show respect to all people.	
Justice	JU.6-8.11	I relate to people as individuals and not representatives of groups, and I can name some common stereotypes I observe people using.	
Action	AC.6-8.16	I am concerned about how people (including myself) are treated and feel for people when they are excluded or mistreated because of their identities.	

	Adopted Texts & Materials			
p si	Adopted Text SEPUP: Ecology, 1st edition Note: The text is available in print, not digital. To fully address the life science standards, supplemental resources will be used Sixth Grade Life Science Supplemental Resources	 Indigenous Books & Articles Aligned with Native American Unifying Concept: For Teachers- What Not to Teach, Native Circle Buxton, James H. Creatures of the Desert World. Los Angeles: Intervisual Communications, Inc., 1987. Gibbons, Gail. Deserts. New York: Holiday House, 1996. Reading, Susan. Desert Plants. New York: Facts on File, Inc. 1990. Mc Carthy, C. Eyewitness Books: Desert. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1991. (Many other books in the Eyewitness series contain information on desert species.) 		
		Rivera-Ashford, Roni. My Tata's Remedies / Los Remedios de Mi Tata. Texas: Cinco Puntos Press, 2015		



Keoke, Emory Dean, and Porterfield, Kay Marie. American Indian Contributions to the World: Science and Technology. Facts on File, New York. 2005.		
Indigenous & Culturally	/ Responsive Connections	
Culturally Responsive Teaching	Indigenous Science Connections:	
<u>TUSD SPARKS Manual for Culturally Responsive Teaching</u> <u>SPARKS Strategies</u> <u>Learning for Justice</u>	Biomes & Communities of the Sonoran Desert Region: Arizona Sonoran Desert Museum	
	<u>U of A School Community Garden Curriculum</u> : Native Plants and Desert Biomes	
	<u>Center for Biological Diversity</u> : Sonoran Desert Social Justice Youth Participatory Action Research	
	San Xavier Coop : Tohono O'odham farming and harvesting	
	Yaqui epistemology on the sun	
	Desert Biome Food Chain PDF	
	Desert Food Chain Video	
	Saguaro National Park Day in the Desert	
Instructional & Assessment Guides	Instructional Resources	
Arizona Department of Education Science Resources	Sixth Grade Life Science Supplemental Resources	
 <u>A New Vision for Science Education</u> <u>What to look for in a 3-Dimensional Science Classroom</u> 	Wonder of Science: Phenomena by grade level & standards Cooper Center (Camp Cooper) – Virtual field trips & outdoor education	
 <u>Vertical Progression of Crosscutting Concepts</u> <u>Vertical Progression of Science & Engineering Practices</u> 	<u>Climate Kids (NASA)</u>	

- Distribution of Core Ideas
- FOSS: Science Notebooks in Middle School

Office of Curriculum, Instruction, and Professional Development

Middle School Units — Arizona Science Teachers Association (azsta.org)

Arizona Science Center: Educator Resources

NSTA Classroom Resources



Sustainable Bioeconomy Arid Regions Lesson Plans The Mystery of the Missing Bees Google Earth time-lapse Life Inside of Biosphere 2- Panel Discussion with Jane Poynter and Taber MacCallum



Earth & Space Science Supporting module: Astronomy The Universe at Your Fingertips		In sixth grade students develop an understanding of the scale and properties of objects in the solar system and how forces (gravity) and energy cause observable patterns in the Sun-Earth-Moon system. Lessons in the CR Native American viewpoint will align with the Teaching Indigenous Science Framework.		
Core Ideas for Knowing Science			Core Ideas for Using Sci	ence
E1: The composition of the Earth and its atmosph human processes occurring within them shape th climate. E2: The Earth and our solar system are a very sma galaxies within the Universe.	ace and its	U1: Scientists explain phenomena using evidence obtained from observations and or scientific investigations. Evidence may lead to developing models and/or theories to make sense of phenomena. As new evidence is discovered, models and theories can be revised.		
Science & Engineering Practices	Anchoring P	henomena		Crosscutting Concepts
Ask questions and define problems Develop and use models Plan and carry out investigations Analyze and interpret data Use mathematics and computational thinking Construct explanations and design solutions Engage in argument from evidence Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information	light Star Trails (ti Observation Living Solar (Sun Dagger (Sun, Corn an Astronomica Itzá Aztec Calend year Mexica New Seasons and O'Odham Alignment of	Star Trails (time lapse) Vs. Patterns Observation over years (seasons) Living Solar Calendar at Chaco Cany Sun Dagger Calender at Chaco Cany Sun, Corn and the Mayan Calender Astronomical observatory on top of Itzá Aztec Calendar and calculations of I year Mexica New Year Nahuatl Tlahtoo Seasons and Growing Calendars Tol O'Odham Alignment of dates in the year with Francisco Peaks (Hopi sacred land)		Patterns Cause and Effect Structure and Function Systems and System Models Stability and Change Scale, Proportion, and Quantity Energy and Matter

Office of Curriculum, Instruction, and Professional Development



2018 Arizona Gra	de 6 Earth and Sp	ace Science Standards	
6.E1U1.6	Investigate and construct an explanation demonstrating that radiation from the Sun provides energy and is absorbed to warm the Earth's surface and atmosphere.		
6.E2U1.7	Use ratios and proportions to analyze and interpret data related to scale, properties, and relationships among objects in our solar system.		
6.E2U1.8	Develop and use models to explain how constellations and other night sky patterns appear to move due to Earth's rotation and revolution.		
6.E2U1.9	Develop and use models to construct an explanation of how eclipses, moon phases, and tides occur within the Sun-Earth-Moon system. Solar/Lunar Eclipse- be mindful that many Native American/Indigenous people were told not to look at any solar or lunar eclipse, so including images of these events can be harmful to the students. This is traditionally a time for reflection and prayer. Some students will be instructed to stay indoors or to not attend school.		
6.E2U1.10	Use a model to show how the tilt of the Earth's axis causes variations in the length of the day and gives rise to seasons.		
Social Justice Sta	ndards		
6-8 Anchor Stand	ards and Grade Le	vel Outcomes and Scenarios	
Identity	ID.6-8.3	I know that overlapping identities combine to make me who I am and that none of my group identities on their own fully defines me or any other person.	
Diversity	DI.6-8.6	I interact with people who are similar to and different from me, and I show respect to all people.	
Diversity	DI.6-8.9 I know I am connected to other people and can relate to them even when we are different or when we disagree.		
Justice	JU.6-8.12 I can recognize and describe unfairness and injustice in many forms including attitudes, speech, behaviors, practices and laws.		
Action	AC.6-8.18	I can respectfully tell someone when his or her words or actions are biased or hurtful.	

Adopted Texts & Materials				
ASP: The Universe at Your Fingertips	Indigenous Books & Articles Aligned with Native American Unifying Concept:			
ASP: The Universe at Your Fingertips The Universe at your Fingertips is a DVD-ROM with 100+ learning activities, articles, and videos. DVD-ROM Materials will be uploaded on Sharepoint in Spring 2021.	For Teachers- What Not to Teach, Native Circle Coyote and the Sky: How the Sun, Moon, and Stars Began. (G 4). Emmett Garcia. (IL: 3-6, RL: 5.5)			
Note: Some standards will require supplemental resources				
Office of Curriculum Instruction and Drefessional Development	Page C			



	Sunpainters: Eclipse of the Navajo Sun. Baje Whitethorne Sr., ISBN-10 1893354334
	Keoke, Emory Dean, and Porterfield, Kay Marie. American Indian Contributions to the World: Science and Technology. Facts on File, Inc: New York. 2005.
Indigenous & Culturally	/ Responsive Connections
Culturally Responsive Teaching	Indigenous Science Connections:
<u>TUSD SPARKS Manual for Culturally Responsive Teaching</u> <u>SPARKS Strategies</u> <u>Learning for Justice</u>	<u>"Indigenous Astronomy – Best Practices and Protocols for Including</u> <u>Indigenous Astronomy in the Planetarium Setting</u> " Annette S. Lee, Nancy Maryboy, David Begay, Wilfred Buck, Yasmin Catricheo, Duane Hamacher, Jarita Holbrook, Ka'iu Kimura, Carola Knockwood, Te Kahuratai Painting, Milagros Varguez (Teacher Resource)
	<u>Chaco Canyon Native Voices on Fracking</u> Preserving scientific site of solar Calendar
	 Indigenous Star Stories: This article links to many resources Native Skywatchers Star Stories: A Video Series by the Smithsonian Museum of the American Indian Indigenous Star Maps and Stories Relearning the Star Stories of Indigenous Peoples Unreserved: We Come From the Stars – Indigenous Astronomy, Astronauts and Star Stories The link includes star stories from the Cree and Lakota nations. It is recommended to seek astronomers from regional tribes. The website could be working with tribal government or colleges to attain star stories and star maps on a local level. Winter Tohono Odham stories, excerpt of the Milky Way Creation Two Eyed Seeing in Science (Teacher Reading)
Office of Curriculum, Instruction, and Professional Development	Page 7 Last edited 9/22/2022



	Indigenous Perspective on Eclipses from Smithsonian Magazine (This is thoughtful information related to what many tribes can or cannot do when observing eclipses. It is not representative of all tribes. Simulation, videos, diagrams and other text features will help in leui of observance.) Solar/Lunar Eclipse- be mindful that many Native American/Indigenous people were told not to look at any solar or lunar eclipse, so including images of these events can be harmful to the students. This is traditionally a time for reflection and prayer. Some students will be instructed to stay indoors or to not attend school. (TUSD NASS)
	<u>"Indigenous Astronomy – Best Practices and Protocols for Including</u> Indigenous Astronomy in the Planetarium Setting"
Assessment	Instructional Resources
	Sixth Grade Earth Science Supplemental Resources
Arizona Department of Education Science Resources	Wonder of Science: Phenomena by grade level & standards
 <u>A New Vision for Science Education</u> <u>What to look for in a 3-Dimensional Science Classroom</u> <u>Vertical Progression of Crosscutting Concepts</u> 	Wonder of Science: Phenomena by grade level & standards Arizona Science Center: Educator Resources NSTA Classroom Resources Space Math @# NASA NASA Space Place
 <u>A New Vision for Science Education</u> <u>What to look for in a 3-Dimensional Science Classroom</u> 	Wonder of Science: Phenomena by grade level & standards Arizona Science Center: Educator Resources NSTA Classroom Resources Space Math @# NASA



Physical Science Supporting module: Chemical Building Blocks		In sixth grade students develop an understanding of forces and energy and how energy can transfer from one object to another or be converted from one form to another. They also develop an understanding of the nature of matter. Lessons in the CR Native American viewpoint will align with the Teaching Indigenous Science Framework.			
Core Ideas for Knowing Science			Core Ideas for Using Scie	ence	
P1: All matter in the Universe is made of very small	all particles.			enomena using evidence obtained from	
P2: Objects can affect other objects at a distance			observations and or scientific investigations. Evidence may lead to		
P4: The total amount of energy in a closed system is always the same can be transferred from one energy store to another during an event.			developing models and/or theories to make sense of phenomena. As new evidence is discovered, models and theories can be revised. U2: The knowledge produced by science is used in engineering and technologies to solve problems and/or create products.		
Science & Engineering Practices Anchoring Phenomena			Crosscutting Concepts		
Ask questions and define problems	The Space Age	e Food Pro	duct Cultivated by the	Patterns	
Develop and use models	<u>Incas</u>			Cause and Effect	
Plan and carry out investigations	The Mpemba	Effect		Structure and Function	
Analyze and interpret data	Zooming into	o the world of atoms		Systems and System Models	
Use mathematics and computational thinking	Use mathematics and computational thinking America's First Polymer			Stability and Change	
Construct explanations and design solutions	Construct explanations and design solutions Processing, Use, and Tra		-	Scale, Proportion, and Quantity	
Engage in argument from evidence	One-Pager: How Aztecs I		Played Their Rubber	Energy and Matter	
Obtain, evaluate, and communicate	Matches				
information	The Chemistry of Pottery		Y		
	The Awesome	<u>e Atlatl</u>			

2018 Arizona Gi	rade 6 Physical Science Standards		
6.P1U1.1	Analyze and interpret data to show that changes in states of matter are caused by different rates of movement of atoms in solids, liquids, and gases (Kinetic Theory).		
6.P1U1.2	Plan and carry out investigation to demonstrate that variations in temperature and/or pressure affect changes in state of matter.		
6.P1U1.3	Develop and use models to represent that matter is made up of smaller particles called atoms.		
6.P2U1.4	Develop and use a model to predict how forces act on objects at a difference.		
6.P4U2.5	Analyze how humans use technology to store (potential) and/or use (kinetic) energy.		

Office of Curriculum, Instruction, and Professional Development

Last edited 9/22/2022



Social Justice Sta	Social Justice Standards				
6-8 Anchor Stand	ards and Grade Le	evel Outcomes and Scenarios			
Identity	ID.6-8.3	I know that overlapping identities combine to make me who I am and that none of my group identities on thei own fully defines me or any other person.			
Diversity	DI.6-8.6	I interact with people who are similar to and different from me, and I show respect to all people.			
Diversity	DI.6-8.9	I know I am connected to other people and can relate to them even when we are different or when we disagree.			
Justice	JU.6-8.12	I can recognize and describe unfairness and injustice in many forms including attitudes, speech, behaviors, practices and laws.			
Action	AC.6-8.19	I will speak up or take action when I see unfairness, even if those around me do not, and I will not let others convince me to go along with injustice.			
		Adopted Tex	xts & Materials		
Note: The text is available in print, not digital. To fully address the life science standards, supplemental resources will be used. Sixth Grade Physical Science Supplemental Resources			Concept: For Teachers- What Not to Teach, Native Circle		
		Indigenous & Culturally	y Responsive Connections		
Culturally Respor TUSD SPARKS Ma SPARKS Strategie Learning for Justi	anual for Culturally es	<u>r Responsive Teaching</u>	Indigenous Science Connections <u>Indigenous knowledge and science revisited</u> (Teacher resource)		
Assessment			Instructional Resources		
Arizona Department of Education Science Resources • A New Vision for Science Education • What to look for in a 3-Dimensional Science Classroom • Vertical Progression of Crosscutting Concepts • Vertical Progression of Science & Engineering Practices Office of Curriculum, Instruction, and Professional Development			Sixth Grade Physical Science Supplemental Resources		



Distribution of Core Ideas	NSTA Classroom Resources
FOSS: Science Notebooks in Middle School	Phenomena for NGSS
	The STEMAZing Project
	Wonderopolis
	PhET Simulations
	Exploratorium: lessons, video demos, & activities