

The Professional Learning Community Continuum Laying the Foundation

We have a clear sense of our collective purpose, the school we are attempting to create to achieve that purpose, the commitments we must make and honor to become that school, and the specific goals that will help monitor our progress.					
Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
Shared Mission: It is evident that learning for all is our core purpose	The purpose of the school has not been articulated. Most staff members view the mission of the school as teaching. They operate from the assumption that although all students should have the opportunity to learn, responsibility for learning belongs to the individual student and will be determined by his or her ability and effort.	An attempt has been made to clarify the purpose of the school through the development of a formal mission statement. Few people were involved in its creation. It does little to impact professional practice or the assumptions behind those practices.	A process has been initiated to provide greater focus and clarity regarding the mission of learning for all. Steps are being taken to clarify what, specifically, students are to learn and to monitor their learning. Some teachers are concerned that these efforts will deprive them of academic freedom.	Teachers are beginning to see evidence of the benefits of clearly established expectations for student learning and systematic processes to monitor student learning. They are becoming more analytical in assessing the evidence of student learning and are looking for ways to become more effective in assessing student learning and providing instruction to enhance student learning.	Staff members are committed to helping all students learn. They demonstrate that commitment by working collaboratively to clarify what students are to learn in each unit, creating frequent common formative assessments to monitor each student's learning on an ongoing basis, and implementing a systematic plan of intervention when students experience difficulty. They are willing to examine all practices and procedures in light of their impact on learning.
Pre-Assessment Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 1 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 2 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 3 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
<p>Shared Vision: We have a shared understanding of and commitment to the school we are attempting to create.</p>	<p>No effort has been made to engage staff in describing the preferred conditions for the school.</p>	<p>A formal vision statement has been created for the school, but most staff members are unaware of it.</p>	<p>Staff members have participated in a process to clarify the school they are trying to create, and leadership calls attention to the resulting vision statement on a regular basis. Many staff members question the relevance of the vision statement, and their behavior is generally unaffected by it.</p>	<p>Staff members have worked together to describe the school are trying to create. They have endorsed this general description and use it to guide their school improvement efforts and their professional development.</p>	<p>Staff members can and do routinely articulate the major principles of the school's shared vision and use those principles to guide their day-to-day efforts and decisions. They honestly assess the current reality in their school and continually seek more effective strategies for reducing the discrepancy between that reality and they school they are working to create.</p>
<p>Pre-Assessment Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		
<p>Quarter 1 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		
<p>Quarter 2 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		
<p>Quarter 3 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		
<p>Quarter 4 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		

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Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
<p>Collective Commitments (Shared Values): We have made commitments to each other regarding how we must behave in order to achieve our shared vision.</p>	<p>Staff members have not yet articulated the attitudes, behaviors, or commitments they are prepared to demonstrate in order to advance the mission of learning for all and the vision of what the school might become.</p>	<p>Administrators or a committee of teachers have created statements of beliefs regarding the school's purpose and its direction. Staff members have reviewed and reacted to those statements. Initial drafts have been amended based on staff feedback. There is no attempt to translate the beliefs into the specific commitments or behaviors that staff will model.</p>	<p>A statement has been developed that articulates the specific commitments staff have been asked to embrace to help the school fulfill its purpose and move closer to its vision. The commitments are stated as behaviors rather than beliefs. Many staff object to specifying these commitments and prefer to focus on what other groups must do to improve the school.</p>	<p>Staff members have been engaged in the process to articulate the collective commitments that will advance the school toward its vision. They endorse the commitments and seek ways to bring them to life in the school.</p>	<p>The collective commitments are embraced by staff, embedded in the school's culture, and evident to observers of the school. They help define the school and what it stands for. Examples of the commitments are shared in stories and celebrations, and people are challenged when they behave in ways that are inconsistent with the collective commitments.</p>
<p>Pre-Assessment Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		
<p>Quarter 1 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		
<p>Quarter 2 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		
<p>Quarter 3 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		
<p>Quarter 4 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		

Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
<p>Common School Goals: We have articulated our long-term priorities, short-term targets, and timelines for achieving those targets.</p> <p>SIG Goals</p> <p>301 Goals</p>	<p>No effort has been made to engage the staff in establishing school improvement goals related to student learning.</p>	<p>Goals for the school have been established by the administration or school improvement team as part of the formal district process for school improvement. Most staff would be unable to articulate a goal that has been established for their school.</p>	<p>Staff members have been made aware of the long-term and short-term goals for the school. Tools and strategies have been developed and implemented to monitor the school's progress toward its goals. Little has been done to translate the school goal into meaningful targets for either collaborative teams or individual teachers.</p>	<p>The school goal has been translated into specific goals that directly impact student achievement for each collaborative team. If teams are successful in achieving their goals, the school will achieve its goal as well. Teams are exploring different strategies for achieving their goals.</p>	<p>All staff members pursue measurable goals that are directly linked to the school's goals as part of their routine responsibilities. Teams work interdependently to achieve common goals for which members are mutually accountable. The celebration of the achievement of goals is part of the school culture and an important element in sustaining the PLC process.</p>
Pre-Assessment Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 1 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 2 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 3 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

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The Professional Learning Community Continuum

Effective Communication

We understand the purpose and priorities of our school because they have been communicated consistently and effectively.					
Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
The school has established a clear purpose and priorities that have been effectively communicated. Systems are in place to ensure Action Steps: aligned with the purpose and priorities are implemented and monitored.	There is no sense of purpose or priorities. People throughout the school feel swamped by what they regard as a never-ending series of fragmented, disjointed, and short-lived improvement initiatives. Changes in leadership inevitably result in changes in direction.	Key leaders may have reached agreement on general purpose and priorities, but people throughout the organization remain unclear. Furthermore, if asked to explain the priorities of the school or the strategies to achieve those priorities, leaders would have difficulty articulating specifics. Staff members would offer very different answers if pressed to explain the priorities of the school.	There is general understanding of the purpose and priorities of the school, but many staff members have not embraced them. Specific steps are being taken to advance the priorities, but some staff members are participating only grudgingly. They view the initiative as interfering with their real work.	Structures and processes have been altered to align with the purpose and priorities. Staff members are beginning to see benefits from the initiative and are seeking ways to become more effective in implementing it.	There is almost universal understanding of the purpose and priorities of the school. All policies, procedures, and structures have been purposefully aligned with the effort to fulfill the purpose and accomplish the priorities. Systems have been created to gauge progress. The systems are carefully monitored, and the resulting information is used to make adjustments designed to build the collective capacity of the group to be successful.
Pre-Assessment Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 1 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 2 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 3 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
<p>The leaders in the school communicate purpose and priorities through modeling, allocation of resources, what they celebrate, and what they are willing to confront.</p>	<p>There is no sense of purpose and priorities. Different people in the school seem to have different pet projects, and there is considerable in-fighting to acquire the resources to support those different projects.</p>	<p>Leaders can articulate the purpose and priorities of the school with a consistent voice, but their behavior is not congruent with their words. The structures, resources, and rewards of the school have not been altered to align with the professed priorities.</p>	<p>The school has begun to alter the structures, resources, and rewards to better align with the stated priorities. Staff members who openly oppose the initiative may be confronted, but those confronting them are likely to explain they are doing someone else's bidding. For example, a principal may say, "The central office is concerned that you are overtly resisting the process we are attempting to implement."</p>	<p>People throughout the school are changing their behavior to align with the priorities. They are seeking new strategies for using resources more effectively to support the initiative, and are willing to reallocate time, money, materials, and people in order to move forward. Small improvements are recognized and celebrated. Leaders confront incongruent behavior.</p>	<p>The purpose and priorities of the school are evident by the everyday behavior of people throughout the school. Time, money, materials, people, and resources have been strategically allocated to reflect priorities. Processes are in place to recognize and celebrate commitment to the priorities. People throughout the school will confront those who disregard the priorities.</p>
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Quarter 1 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
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Quarter 3 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

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The Professional Learning Community Continuum

Learning as Our Fundamental Purpose (Part1)

We acknowledge that the fundamental purpose of our school is to help all students achieve high levels of learning, and therefore, we work collaboratively to clarify what students must learn and how we will monitor each student's learning.					
Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
We work with colleagues on our team to build shared knowledge regarding state, provincial, and/or national standards; district curriculum guides; trends in student achievement; and expectations for the next course or grade level. This collective inquiry has enabled each member of our team to clarify what all students must know and be able to do as a result of every unit of instruction.	Teachers have been provided with a copy of state, provincial, and/or national standards and a district curriculum guide. There is no process for them to discuss curriculum with colleagues and no expectation they will do so.	Teacher representatives have helped to create a district curriculum guide. Those involved in the development feel it is a useful resource for teachers. Those not involved in the development may or may not use the guide.	Teachers are working in collaborative teams to clarify the essential learning for each unit and to establish a common pacing guide. Some staff members question the benefit of the work. They argue that developing curriculum is the responsibility of the central office or textbook publishers rather than teachers. Some are reluctant to give up favorite units that seem to have no bearing on essential standards.	Teachers have clarified the essential learning for each unit by building shared knowledge regarding state, provincial, and/or national standards; by studying high-stake assessments; and by seeking input regarding the prerequisites for success as students enter the next grade level. They are beginning to adjust curriculum, pacing, and instruction based on evidence of student learning.	Teachers on every collaborative team are confident they have established a guaranteed and viable curriculum for their students. Their clarity regarding the knowledge and skills students must acquire as a result of each unit of instruction, and their commitment to providing students with the instruction and support to achieve the intended outcomes, give every student access to essential learning.
Pre-Assessment Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 1 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 2 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 3 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
<p>We work with colleagues on our team to clarify the criteria by which we will judge the quality of student work, and we practice applying those criteria until we can do so consistently.</p>	<p>Each teacher establishes his or her own criteria for assessing the quality of student work.</p>	<p>Teachers have been provided with sample rubrics for assessing the quality of student work.</p>	<p>Teachers working in collaborative teams are attempting to assess student work according to common criteria. They are practicing applying the criteria to examples of student work, but they are not yet consistent. The discrepancy is causing some tension on the team.</p>	<p>Teachers working in collaborative teams are clear on the criteria they will use in assessing the quality of student work and can apply the criteria consistently.</p>	<p>Collaborative teams of teachers frequently use performance-based assessments to gather evidence of student learning. Members have established strong inter-rater reliability and use the results from these assessments to inform and improve their individual and collective practice. The team's clarity also helps members teach the criteria to students, who can then assess the quality of their own work and become more actively engaged in their learning.</p>
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<p>Quarter 2 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		
<p>Quarter 3 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		
<p>Quarter 4 Indicator:</p>	<p>Evidence of Achievement:</p>		<p>Action Steps:</p>		

Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
<p>We monitor the learning of each student’s attainment of all essential outcomes on a timely basis through a series of frequent, team-developed common formative assessments that are aligned with highstakes assessments students will be required to take.</p>	<p>Each teacher creates his or her own assessments to monitor student learning. Assessments are typically summative rather than formative. A teacher can teach an entire career and not know if he or she teaches a particular skill or concept better or worse than the colleague in the next room.</p>	<p>The district has established benchmark assessments that are administered several times throughout the year. Teachers pay little attention to the results and would have a difficult time explaining the purpose of the benchmark assessments.</p>	<p>Teachers working in collaborative teams have begun to create common assessments. Some attempt to circumvent the collaborative process by proposing the team merely use the quizzes and tests that are available in the textbook as their common assessments. Some administrators question the ability of teachers to create good assessments and argue that the district should purchase commercially developed tests.</p>	<p>Teachers working in collaborative teams have created a series of common assessments and agreed on the specific standard students must achieve to be deemed proficient. The user-friendly results of common assessments are providing each member of the team with timely evidence of student learning. Members are using that evidence to improve their assessments and to develop more effective instructional strategies.</p>	<p>Collaborative teams of teachers gather evidence of student learning on a regular basis through frequent common formative assessments. The team analysis of results drives the continuous improvement process of the school. Members determine the effectiveness of instructional strategies based on evidence of student learning rather than teacher preference or precedent. Members who struggle to teach a skill are learning from those who are getting the best results. The frequent common formative assessments provide the vital information that fuels the school’s system of intervention and enrichment. The assessments are formative because (1) they are used to identify students who need additional time and support for learning, (2) the students receive the additional time and support for learning, and (3) students are given another opportunity to demonstrate that they have learned.</p>
Pre-Assessment Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 1 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 2 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 3 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

The Professional Learning Community Continuum

Learning as Our Fundamental Purpose (Part 2)

We acknowledge that the fundamental purpose of our school is to help all students achieve high levels of learning, and therefore, we provide students with systematic interventions when they struggle and enrichment when they are proficient.					
Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
We provide a system of interventions that guarantees each student will receive additional time and support for learning if he or she experiences initial difficulty. Students who are proficient have access to enriched and extended learning opportunities.	What happens when a student does not learn will depend almost exclusively on the teacher to whom the student is assigned. There is no coordinated school response to students who experience difficulty. Some teachers allow students to turn in late work; some do not. Some teachers allow students to retake a test; some do not. The tension that occurs at the conclusion of each unit when some students are proficient and ready to move forward and others are failing to demonstrate proficiency is left to each teacher to resolve.	The school has attempted to establish specific policies and procedures regarding homework, grading, parent notification of student progress, and referral of students to child study teams to assess their eligibility for special education services. If the school provides any additional support for students, it is either a “pull-out” program that removes students from new direct instruction or an optional after-school program. Policies are established for identifying students who are eligible for more advanced learning.	The school has taken steps to provide students with additional time and support when they experience difficulty. The staff is grappling with structural issues such as how to provide time for intervention during the school day in ways that do not remove the student from new direct instruction. The school schedule is regarded as a major impediment to intervention and enrichment, and staff members are unwilling to change it. Some are concerned that providing students with additional time and support is not holding them responsible for their own learning.	The school has developed a school-wide plan to provide students who experience difficulty with additional time and support for learning in a way that is timely, directive, and systematic. It has made structural changes such as modifications in the daily schedule to support this system of interventions. Staff members have been assigned new roles and responsibilities to assist with the interventions. The faculty is looking for ways to make the system of interventions more effective.	The school has a highly coordinated system of intervention and enrichment in place. The system is very proactive. Coordination with sender schools enables the staff to identify students who will benefit from additional time and support for learning even before they arrive at the school. The system is very fluid. Students move into intervention and enrichment easily and remain only as long as they benefit from it. The achievement of each student is monitored on a timely basis. Students who experience difficulty are required, rather than invited, to utilize the system of support. The plan is multilayered. If the current level of time and support is not sufficient to help a student become proficient, he or she is moved to the next level and receives increased time and support. All students are guaranteed access to this system of intervention regardless of the teacher to whom they are assigned. The <i>school</i> responds to students and views those who are failing to learn as “under supported” rather than “at risk.”
Pre-Assessment Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 1 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 2 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 3 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

The Professional Learning Community Continuum

Building a Collaborative Culture Through High-Performing Teams

Building a Collaborative Culture Through High-Performing Teams					
We are committed to working together to achieve our collective purpose of learning for all students. We cultivate a collaborative culture through the development of high-performing teams.					
Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
<p>We are organized into collaborative teams in which members work interdependently to achieve common goals that directly impact student achievement. Structures have been put in place to ensure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Collaboration is embedded in our routine work practice. 2. We are provided with time to collaborate. 3. We are clear on the critical questions that should drive our collaboration. 4. Our collaborative work is monitored and supported. 	<p>Teachers work in isolation with little awareness of the strategies, methods, or materials that colleagues use in teaching the same course or grade level. There is no plan in place to assign staff members into teams or to provide them with time to collaborate.</p>	<p>Teachers are encouraged but not required to work together collaboratively. Some staff may elect to work with colleagues on topics of mutual interest. Staff members are congenial but are not collaborating in an effort to improve student achievement.</p>	<p>Teachers have been assigned to collaborative teams and have been provided time for collaboration during the regular contractual day. Teams may be unclear regarding how they should use the collaborative times. Topics often focus on matters unrelated to teaching and learning. Some teachers believe the team meeting is not a productive use of their time.</p>	<p>Teachers have been assigned to collaborative teams and have been provided time for collaboration on a weekly basis during the regular contractual day. Guidelines, protocols, and processes have been established in an effort to help teams use collaborative time to focus on topics that will have a positive impact on student achievement. Team leaders are helping lead the collaborative process, and the work of teams is monitored closely so assistance can be provided when a team struggles. Teams are working interdependently to achieve goals specifically related to higher levels of student achievement and are focusing their efforts on discovering better ways to achieve those goals.</p>	<p>The collaborative team process is deeply engrained in the school culture. Staff members view it as the engine that drives school improvement. Teams are self-directed and very skillful in advocacy and inquiry. They consistently focus on issues that are most significant in improving student achievement and set specific, measurable goals to monitor improvement. The collaborative team process serves as a powerful form of job-embedded professional development because members are willing and eager to learn from one another, identify common problems, engage in action research, make evidence of student learning transparent among members of the team, and make judgments about the effectiveness of different practices on the basis of that evidence. The team process directly impacts teacher practice in the classroom, helping each teacher clarify what to teach, how to assess, and how to improve instruction.</p>
Pre-Assessment Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 1 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 2 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 3 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
<p>We have identified and honor the commitments we have made to the members of our collaborative teams in order to enhance the effectiveness of our team. These articulated collective commitments or norms have clarified expectations of how our team will operate, and we use them to address problems that may occur on the team.</p>	<p>No attention has been paid to establishing clearly articulated commitments that clarify the expectations of how the team will function and how each member will contribute to its success. Norms do emerge from each group based on the habits that come to characterize the group, but they are neither explicit nor the result of a thoughtful process. Several of the norms have an adverse effect on the effectiveness of the team.</p>	<p>Teams have been encouraged by school or district leadership to create norms that clarify expectations and commitments. Recommended norms for teams may have been created and distributed. Norms are often stated as beliefs rather than commitments to act in certain ways.</p>	<p>Each team has been required to develop written norms that clarify expectations and commitments. Many teams have viewed this as a task to be accomplished. They have written the norms and submitted them, but do not use them as part of the collaborative team process.</p>	<p>Teams have established the collective commitments that will guide their work, and members have agreed to honor the commitments. The commitments are stated in terms of specific behaviors that members will demonstrate. The team begins and ends each meeting with a review of the commitments to remind each other of the agreements they have made about how they will work together. They assess the effectiveness of the commitments periodically and make revisions when they feel that will help the team become more effective.</p>	<p>Team members honor the collective commitments they have made to one another regarding how the team will operate and the responsibility of each member to the team. The commitments have been instrumental in creating an atmosphere of trust and mutual respect. They have helped members work interdependently to achieve common goals because members believe they can rely upon one another. The commitments facilitate the team's collective inquiry and help people explore their assumptions and practices. Members recognize that their collective commitments have not only helped the team become more effective, but have also made the collaborative experience more personally rewarding. Violations of the commitments are addressed. Members use them as the basis for crucial conversations and honest dialogue when there is concern that one or more members are not fulfilling commitments.</p>
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Quarter 3 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

The Professional Learning Community Continuum Focusing on Results (Part 1)

We assess our effectiveness on the basis of results rather than intentions.					
Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
The members of each of our collaborative teams are working interdependently to achieve one or more SMART goals that align with our school goals. Each team has identified specific action steps members will take to achieve the goal and a process for monitoring progress toward the goal. The identification and pursuit of SMART goals by each collaborative team are critical elements of the school's continuous improvement process.	Goals have not been established at the district or school level. Teams are not expected to establish goals.	Teams establish goals that focus on adult activities and projects rather than student learning.	Teams have been asked to create SMART goals, but many teachers are wary of establishing goals based on improved student learning. Some attempt to articulate very narrow goals that can be accomplished despite students learning less. Others present goals that are impossible to monitor. Still others continue to offer goals based on teacher projects. There is still confusion regarding the nature of and reasons for SMART goals.	All teams have established annual SMART goals as an essential element of their collaborative team process. Teams have established processes to monitor their progress, and members work together in an effort to identify strategies for becoming more effective at achieving the team's SMART goal.	Each collaborative team of teachers has established both an annual SMART goal and a series of short-term goals to monitor their progress. They create specific action plans to achieve the goals, clarify the evidence that they will gather to assess their progress, and work together interdependently to achieve the goal. This focus on tangible evidence of results guides the work of teams and is critical to the continuous improvement process of the school. The recognition and celebration of efforts to achieve goals helps sustain the improvement process.
Pre-Assessment Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
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Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

The Professional Learning Community Continuum Focusing on Results (Part 2)

Individuals, teams, and schools seek relevant data and information and use it to promote continuous improvement.					
Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
<p>Collaborative teams of teachers regard ongoing analysis of evidence of student learning as a critical element in the teaching and learning process. Teachers are provided with frequent and timely information regarding the achievement of their students. They use that information to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Respond to students who are experiencing difficulty • Enrich and extend the learning of students who are proficient „, Inform and improve the individual and collective practice of members • Identify team professional development needs • Measure progress toward team goals 	<p>The only process for monitoring student learning is the individual classroom teacher and annual state, provincial, or national assessments. Assessment results are used primarily to report on student progress rather than to improve professional practice. Teachers fall into a predictable pattern: they teach, they test, they hope for the best, and then they move on to the next unit.</p>	<p>The district has created benchmark assessments that are administered several times throughout the year. There is often considerable lag time before teachers receive the results. Most teachers pay little attention to the results. They regard the assessment as perhaps beneficial to the district but of little use to them. Principals are encouraged to review the results of state assessments with staff, but the fact that the results aren't available until months after the assessment and the lack of specificity mean they are of little use in helping teachers improve their practice.</p>	<p>Teams have been asked to create and administer common formative assessments and to analyze the results together. Many teachers are reluctant to share individual teacher results and want the analysis to focus on the aggregate performance of the group. Some use the results to identify questions that caused students difficulty so they can eliminate the questions. Many teams are not yet using the analysis of results to inform or improve professional practice.</p>	<p>The school has created a specific process to bring teachers together multiple times throughout the year to analyze results from team-developed common assessments, district assessments, and state or provincial and national assessments. Teams use the results to identify areas of concern and to discuss strategies for improving the results.</p>	<p>Teachers are hungry for information on student learning. All throughout the year, each member of a collaborative team receives information that illustrates the success of his or her students in achieving an agreed-upon essential standard on team-developed common assessments he or she helped create, in comparison to all the students attempting to achieve that same standard. Teachers use the results to identify the strengths and weaknesses in their individual practice, to learn from one another, to identify areas of curriculum proving problematic for students, to improve their collective capacity to help all students learn, and to identify students in need of intervention or enrichment. They also analyze results from district, state or provincial, and national assessments and use them to validate their team assessments.</p>
Pre-Assessment Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
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Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		

The Professional Learning Community Continuum Responding to Conflict

We have established processes for addressing conflict and use conflict as a tool for learning together in order to improve our school.					
Indicator	Pre-Initiating	Initiating	Implementing	Developing	Sustaining
Members of the staff recognize that conflict is an essential and inevitable by-product of a successful substantive change effort. They have thoughtfully and purposefully created processes to help use conflict as a tool for learning together and improving the school.	People react to conflict with classic fight-or-flight responses. Most staff members withdraw from interactions in order to avoid contact with those they find disagreeable. Others are perpetually at war in acrimonious, unproductive arguments that never seem to get resolved. Groups tend to regard each other as adversaries.	Addressing conflict is viewed as an administrative responsibility. School leaders take steps to resolve conflict as quickly as possible. The primary objective in addressing disputes is to restore the peace and return to the status quo.	Teams have established norms and collective commitments in an effort both to minimize conflict and to clarify how they will address conflict at the team level. Nonetheless, many staff members are reluctant to challenge the thinking or behavior of a colleague. If the situation becomes too disturbing, they will expect the administration to intervene.	Staff members have created processes to help identify and address the underlying issues causing conflict. They are willing to practice those processes in an effort to become more skillful in engaging in crucial conversations that seek productive resolution to conflict.	Staff members view conflict as a source of creative energy and an opportunity for building shared knowledge. They have created specific strategies for exploring one another's thinking, and they make a conscious effort to understand as well as to be understood. They seek ways to test their competing assumptions through action research and are open to examining research, data, and information that support or challenge their respective positions. They approach disagreements with high levels of trust and an assumption of good intentions on the part of all members because they know they are united by a common purpose and the collective pursuit of shared goals and priorities.
Pre-Assessment Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 1 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 2 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 3 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		
Quarter 4 Indicator:	Evidence of Achievement:		Action Steps:		