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8	UNITED STATES I	DISTRICT COURT
9	DISTRICT OF ARIZONA	
10	DISTRICTO	
11	Roy and Josie Fisher, et al.,	Case No. 4:74-CV-00090-DCB (Lead Case)
12	Plaintiffs,	
13	United States of America.	
14		
15	Plaintiff-Intervenors,	FISHER PLAINTIFFS' OBJECTION TO NOTICE AND REQUEST FOR
16	V.	APPROVAL NO-BOUNDARY ATTENDANCE AREA FOR
17	Anita Lohr, et al.,	ROSKRUGE TWO-DUAL LANGUAGE K-8 MAGNET SCHOOL
18	Defendants,	[DOC. 2236]
19	Sidney L. Sutton, et al.,	
20	Defendant-Intervenors,	
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24	Maria Mendoza, et al.,	
25	Plaintiffs,	
26	United States of America,	Case No. CV 74-204 TUC DCB (Consolidated Case)
27	Plaintiff-Intervenor,	
28	v.	
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Tucson Unified School District No. One, et al.,

Defendants.

Hon. David C. Bury

INTRODUCTION

The Fisher Plaintiffs hereby submit this Objection to Tucson Unified School District, No. 1 ("TUSD" or the "District") Notice and Request for Approval No-Boundary Attendance Area for Roskruge Two-Way Dual Language K-8 Magnet School filed on July 16, 2019.

ARGUMENT

TUSD's Operations Program Manager presented the Roskruge Boundary Proposal ("Proposal") to the Governing Board on July 9, 2019. The stated purpose in eliminating the attendance area for Roskruge Bilingual Magnet K-8 is to strengthen the dual-language program. The Proposal calls for a Spanish proficiency test that all students enrolling after first grade will have to take in order to demonstrate Spanish proficiency. The premise is that students enrolling after first grade will be near or at grade level Spanish proficiency and will be able to fully participate in the learning process. The Spanish proficiency exam should alleviate "lack of academic progress that non-Spanish speakers experience. Although it is called a two-way dual language program, the emphasis seems to be that incoming students are proficient in Spanish. Nowhere in this Proposal is there any statement about the need for students to be proficient in English. Based on this, there is a good chance that students enrolling in this program will probably be Hispanic, so any statement about improving integration is without basis.

The District does not present any data indicating that there are non-Hispanic students who are proficient in Spanish who are interested in enrolling in Roskruge.

The District is willing to do this regardless of the effect it will have on integration at the school and the displacement of neighborhood students.

The Fisher Plaintiffs do not support this change for several reasons. First, the Proposal

will displace the Roskruge neighborhood students. The neighborhood students include the Richey Elementary Neighborhood students who were displaced when Richey was closed. **Second,** the Boundary Committee overwhelmingly voted against the change and the District has decided to ignore that. **Third,** the Boundary Committee was forced to vote on a receiving school for these displaced students and the vote was for Hughes Elementary. However, the District ignored that vote also and has designated Cragin as the receiving school for these students.

It appears that TUSD had decided what they were going to do before they convened the Committee and without any supporting data for the statement that "academic achievement would increase and integration would improve over time". One Roskruge teacher stated that "two-way dual language should be a choice and not forced on students just because we are their neighborhood school. This statement is indicative of the disregard for the neighborhood.

Roskruge 6-8 was designated a Bilingual Magnet, but Roskruge K-5 was supposed to remain a regular K-5 school. Over time, the District has introduced the bilingual aspect to the entire school. This is why of the 120 neighborhood students living in the Roskruge and Richey attendance areas, only 64 attend Roskruge because the school does not offer a regular English program. To say that the Proposal supports parental choice ignores the fact that the District has taken away the choice for their students to attend their neighborhood unless they want their students to learn Spanish and with the change in parameters, unless they are already proficient in Spanish.

A. Proposal Development Process

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The District states that it has spent two years developing a proposal to strengthen the TWDL program at Roskruge and to ensure students are at the best school for their educational interests. It was not until the last three months of this process that the District established the Boundary and Advisory Committee's evaluating options. The District knew what it wanted to do and by developing the Advisory Committee, made up entirely of TUSD employees, they guaranteed that there would be a group supporting the plan, even if the Boundary Committee did not. The Advisory Committee did not meet with the Boundary Committee to hear their concerns, so they made their decision based solely on District information.

B. Home School for Roskruge and Richey Area Students Not Interested in TWDL

Once the parents objected to the Proposal, the District changed the original plan to grandfather in all current students even if they did not pass the proficiency exam. Any new neighborhood students entering after the 2nd grade will have to meet the language requirement.

They have also insured the parents that K-5 neighborhood students will get free transportation to Cragin and Richey students have been promised transportation to Roskruge and Tucson High. The Proposal does not indicate whether this transportation will be by school bus or by a city bus pass.

C. Desegregation Impact Analysis

"The District has determined that this action will have minimal immediate impact, but there is a potential for long-term positive impact at Roskruge. There is not data to support this statement. No parent surveys have been done to determine whether parents whose children can pass the proficiency test are willing to send their students to Roskruge. No parent surveys have been done to determine if there are any Spanish speaking, non-Hispanic students who are willing to attend Roskruge. The District's statement that over time there will be integration is based entirely on hope.

D. Teachers and Other Stakeholders Support the Proposal

The Richey parents are overwhelmingly against the Proposal, as are the Fisher and Mendoza Plaintiffs, so this statement is misleading.

E. Stakeholder Engagement

The Stakeholders voted overwhelmingly in favor of keeping Roskruge a neighborhood school.

CONCLUSION

The Roskruge Boundary Proposal will negatively affect the ability of Roskruge to become an integrated school, because the students who will be able to pass the Spanish proficiency exam will in all probability be Hispanic students. The District has presented no evidence to contradict this statement. Consequently "over time", Roskruge will most likely become 100% Hispanic.

The Fisher Plaintiffs respectfully request that the Court deny TUSD's Notice and Request for Approval No-Boundary Attendance Area for Roskruge Two-Way Dual Language K-8 Magnet

1	School.
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3	Dated: August 1, 2019.
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6	/s/ <u>Rubin Salter, Jr.</u> RUBIN SALTER, JR.
7	Attorney for Fisher Plaintiffs
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 I hereby certify that on August 1, 2019, I electronically submitted the foregoing **FISHER** 2 PLAINTIFFS' OBJECTION TO NOTICE AND REQUEST FOR APPROVAL NO-BOUNDARY ATTENDANCE AREA FOR ROSKRUGE TWO-DUAL LANGUAGE K-8 3 MAGNET SCHOOL [DOC. 2236] to the Office of the Clerk of the United States District Court 4 for the District of Arizona for filing and transmittal of a Notice of Electronic Filing to the following CM/ECT registrants: 5 P. Bruce Converse bconverse@dickinsonwright.com 6 7 Timothy W. Overton toverton@dickinsonwright.com 8 9 Samuel Brown Samuel.brown@tusd1.org 10 Robert S. Ross 11 Robert.Ros@tusd1.org 12 Lois D. Thompson 13 lthompson@proskauer.com 14 Jennifer L. Roche 15 jroche@proskauer.com 16 Juan Rodriguez irodiguez@maldef.org 17 18 Thomas A. Saenz tsaenz@maldef.org 19 James Eichner 20 James.eichner@usdoj.gov 21 Shaheena Simons 22 Shaheena.simons@usdoj.gov 23 Peter Beauchamp peter.beauchamp@usdoj.gov 24 25 Special Master Dr. Willis D. Hawley wdh@umd.edu 26 27 /s/ Lourdes Molina 28 Dated: August 1, 2019.