APPENDIX VI – 44

This form will be filled out by the Assistant Superintendents, Mark Alvarez and Abel Morado and their Directors. This completed form will be submitted to the Central Office Discipline Data Review Team 1 day prior to the quarterly meeting. (Due Dates: Qtr 1- 11/15/16; Qtr 2- 1/17/17; Qtr 3- 4/18/17; and Qtr 4- 6/20/17)

Date: 1/13/17 Quarter under Review: Second

Table 1. School Level for This								
Report – Check One Row Only								
Elementary	✓							
K-8								
Middle								
High								

A. FORM SUBMISSION CHECK

1. Missing Reports: Identify Any Sites That Have Failed to Submit the *Site-Based Monthly Discipline Report* from Principals and the month(s) that they have missed. If none have missed, write "None" in Table 2 below.

Table 2. Missing Reports by Month								
School Name	School Name Missing Report(s) by Month							
Davidson December								
Johnson	December							

B. SCHOOL CLIMATE (Use the KPI View)

- 2. Choose the schools with the highest rates of TOTAL violations.
 - a. Select: USP discipline KPI
 - b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = ALL; Violation Type = ALL.
 - c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.

d. Choose schools with incident rates of 1.5 or more times the District Average in the first column (up to 5) that are most concerning. In Table 3 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

3. What TOTAL violations are most common?

- a. Click on Violations by School for each of the select schools.
- b. Select from the drop down menus: Quarter= 1, 2, 3, or 4; School Level = the specific school only; Action Type = ALL.
- c. Click on the arrow to the left of the violations with the largest numbers of students to disaggregate the *Violation Type* into specific violations. E.g.

d. Record the four most frequent violations in Table 3 for each school and the N size.

Case 4:74-cv-00090-DCB Document 2064-6 Filed 09/01/17 Page 46 of 214

Quarterly Central Office Discipline Data Review 2016-17

	Table 3. KPI: Total Violations for Hot Spot Schools											
SCHOOL	OOL MOST COMMON TOTAL VIOLATIONS – Disaggregate Violation Types to see specific violation											
	Violation #1	N	Violation #2	N	Violation #3	N	Violation #4	N				
Bloom (5.8)	Aggression	33	Other	8	Harassment	5	Theft	2				
Erickson (2.3)	Aggression	21	Harassment	3	Weapons, Dangerous	2						
Grijalva (1.5)	Aggression	20										
Miller (1.9)	Aggression	17	Other	6								
Ochoa (2.1)	Aggression	8										
Warren (2.6)	Aggression	9	Other	7	Weapons, Dangerous	2						
Whitmore (2.0)	Aggression	11	Other	3								
Notes:												

4. Choose the schools with the highest rates of SUSPENSIONS.

- a. Select: USP discipline KPI
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = SUSPENSION; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.

Middle Schools

d. Choose schools with incident rates of 1.5 or more times the District Average in the first column (up to 5) that are most concerning. In Table 4 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

5. What SUSPENSIONS are most common?

- a. Click on Violations by School for each of the select schools.
- b. Select from the drop down menus: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; School Level = the specific school only; Action Type = SUSPENSION.
- c. Click on the arrow to the left of the violation with the largest numbers of students to disaggregate the *Violation Type* into specific violations. E.g.

Aggression

d. Record the four most frequent violations in Table 4 for each school and the N size.

6. Do These Sites Have an ISI Classroom?

- a. Click on the distinct student number with the most frequent violations in the column for *All Students* to produce a blue box around the cell.
- b. Right click within that cell to bring up a menu; click on *Show Detail* to review the Students, the Violation, the Action Category and the Action Type.

7. Review PBIS files from SharePoint, etc.

- a. Compare/contrast interventions from each school to the data collected on Table 4.
- b. Note any trends.

Case 4:74-cv-00090-DCB Document 2064-6 Filed 09/01/17 Page 47 of 214 Quarterly Central Office Discipline Data Review 2016-17

Table 4. KPI: Most Common Suspensions for Hot Spot Schools												
SCHOOL	MOST COM	MOST COMMON SUSPENSIONS – Disaggregate Violation Types to see specific violation										
	Violation #1								Yes	No		
Bloom (6.5)	Aggression	7								✓		
Davidson (4.3)	Aggression	4	Sexual Offenses	2						✓		
Erickson (4.1)	Aggression	8								✓		
Gale (3.2)	Aggression	4								✓		
Robison (5.8)	Aggression	Aggression 6										
Notes:												

C. SCHOOL-BASED DATA (Use the Monthly Discipline Report and individual follow up with principals)

Instructions to fill out Table 5: The data reported in Table 5 is <u>school-based</u> and is not available on the Data Dashboard. Use the following data sources to complete this table: Principal Monthly Discipline Reports and individual communication with Principals to document their action plans or Performance Improvement Conversations (PIC) with teachers who over-refer students and/or repeatedly refer students each month.

List	Table 5. Monthly Data Report: Teacher Referrals List the top 10% of Schools with Teachers who referred a high number of Students this Quarter										
School Name	Referral Source e.g. Bus Drivers, Monitors, Playground/Grounds Monitor, Teachers, etc.	# of Referrals	Most Common Type of Incidence	Trouble Area and Times	Action that the Principal has taken with Teacher						

Please describe any patterns within schools or across schools when reviewing the teacher referrals this month? Describe the plan of support or other action:

D. RACIAL/ETHNIC DISPARITY REVIEW (Use the Risk Ratio View)

8. Choose the schools with the highest rates of TOTAL violations.

- a. Select: School Risk Ratio
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = ALL; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.

Middle Schools

- d. Choose schools that reflect a disparity of 1.5 or more between Anglo student *total disciplinary incidents* and rates for African American, Hispanic, Native American, or Multiracial groups.
- e. In Table 6 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

- a. Click on the school name to produce a blue box around the cell.
- b. The table on the right hand side of the page, called *School/Level Detail* shows the *Distinct Student Incident* (N size), the *Distinct Student Enrollment*, and the *Discipline Percent of the Population* (rate) of that selected school.
- c. Record any disparities and note trends in the comment section of Table 6.

Table 6. Risk Ratio: Total Violations by Ethnicity for Hot Spot Schools								
SCHOOL	RACE/ETHNIC GROUP	N SIZE	Percent	COMMENTS				
Bloom	White/Anglo	9	8.11%					
3.5 Af. Am.	African American	17	28.33%					
3.1 N.A.	Hispanic	13	9.49%					
2.8 Multi	Native American	1	25.00%					
	Asian American	0	0					
	Multi-Racial	3	23.08%					
Grijalva	White/Anglo	3	9.68%					
2.1 Af. Am.	African American	4	20.00%					
2.2 Multi	Hispanic	11	2.03%					
	Native American	0	0					
	Asian American	0	0					
	Multi-Racial	3	21.43%					
Lineweaver	White/Anglo	3	1.42%					
8.2 Af. Am.	African American	5	11.63%					
	Hispanic	1	0.37%					
	Native American	0	0					
	Asian American	0	0					
	Multi-Racial	0	0					
Marshall	White/Anglo	2	1.46%					
5.3 Af. Am.	African American	2	7.69%					
	Hispanic	1	0.85%					
	Native American	0	0					
	Asian American	0	0					
	Multi-Racial	0	0					
or	White/Angle	1 2	70%					

Miller	White/Anglo	1	3.70%	
2.6 Af. Am.	African American	2	9.52%	
4.5 Asian	Hispanic	18	3.85%	

	Native American	1	2.00%	
	Asian American	1	16.67%	
	Multi-Racial	1	6.67%	
Myers/ Ganoung	White/Anglo	2	2.99%	
2.1 Multi	African American	4	3.74%	
	Hispanic	5	2.22%	
	Native American	0	0	
	Asian American	0	0	
	Multi-Racial	1	6.25%	
Steele	White/Anglo	1	0.95%	
2.0 Af. Am.	African American	1	1.89%	
3.1 Hisp.	Hispanic	4	2.96%	
	Native American	0	0	
	Asian American	0	0	
	Multi-Racial	0	0	
Warren	White/Anglo	1	7.69%	
13.0 Asian	African American	0	0	
	Hispanic	12	5.08%	
	Native American	3	10.00%	
	Asian American	1	100.00%	
	Multi-Racial	0	0	

10. Choose the schools with the highest rates of SUSPENSIONS.

- a. Select: School Risk Ratio
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = SUSPENSIONS; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.
 - Middle Schools
- d. Choose schools that reflect a disparity of 1.5 or more between Anglo student total disciplinary incidents and rates for African American, Hispanic, Native American, or Multiracial groups.
- e. In Table 7 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

- f. Click on the school name to produce a blue box around the cell.
- g. The table on the right hand side of the page, called *School/Level Detail* shows the *Distinct Student Incident* (N size), the *Distinct Student Enrollment*, and the *Discipline Percent of the Population* (rate) of that selected school.
- h. Record any disparities and note trends in the comment section of Table 7.

Table 7. Risk Ratio: Suspensions by Ethnicity for Hot Spot Schools											
SCHOOL	RACE/ETHNIC GROUP	N SIZE	Percent	COMMENTS							
Bloom	White/Anglo	1	0.90%								
7.4 Af. Am.	African American	4	6.67%								
3.2 Hisp.	Hispanic	4	2.92%								
	Native American	0	0								
	Asian American	0	0								

			Multi-Racial			0	0		
	Gale		White/Anglo			2	1.22		
	3.2 Multi		African American			0	0		
			Hispanic			2	1.39		
			Native American			0	0		
			Asian American			0	0		
			Multi-Racial			1	3.85%		
	Grijalva		White/Anglo			1	3.23%		
	3.1 Af. Am.		African American			2	10.00%		
	2.2 Multi		Hispanic			1	0.18%		
			Native American			0	0		
			Asian American			0	0		
			Multi-Racial			1	7.14%		
	Henry		White/Anglo			1	0.64%		
	2.5 Hisp.		African American			0	0		
			Hispanic			2	1.60%		
			Native American			0	0		
			Asian American			0	0		
			Multi-Racial			0	0		
	Lineweaver		White/Anglo			1	0.47%		
	9.9 Af. Am.		African American			2	4.65%		
		Hispanic Native American			1	0.37%			
			Native American			0	0		
			Asian American			0	0		
			Multi-Racial			0	0		
Robiso	1	White/	White/Anglo			4.55%			
2.7 Af.	Am.	African	American	4		12.12%			
	Hispanic		С	2		0.81%			
		Native A	American	0		0			
		Asian A	merican	0		0			

Multi-Racial

	Elementary Schools											
				2015			2016	Difference				
School	Principal	Director	Incidents	Students	%	Incidents	Students	%	Loss	Gain		
Bloom	L. Brunekant	Scheppe	1	336	0.30%	43	339	12.68%		12.38%		
Davidson	J. Weaver	Leman	5	311	1.61%	10	283	3.53%		1.92%		
Erickson	C. Stallworth	Leman	14	491	2.85%	24	483	4.97%		2.12%		
Gale	J. Figueroa	Scheppe	5	398	1.26%	12	377	3.18%		1.92%		
Grijalva	T. Grivois-Shah	Scheppe	12	676	1.78%	21	639	3.29%		1.51%		
Kellond	B. Meneguin	Leman	11	556	1.98%	13	562	2.31%		0.33%		
Lynn /Urquides	M. Salcido	Marin	23	535	4.30%	16	495	3.23%	1.07%			
Miller	M. Carranza	Leman	6	650	0.92%	24	586	4.10%		3.18%		
Myers/Ganoung	O. Gomez	Leman	11	444	2.48%	12	434	2.76%		0.28%		
Warren	M. Ruiz	Leman	4	285	1.40%	17	298	5.70%		4.30%		
Wheeler	D. Saldamando	Leman	7	377	1.86%	11	420	2.62%		0.76%		
Whitmore	L. South	Scheppe	21	331	6.34%	15	336	4.46%	1.88%			
Wright	D. Campos	Marin	14	479	2.92%	14	496	2.82%	0.89%			
All Elementary Schools		307	17,752	1.73%	356	709	2.03%		0.30%			

Case 4:74-cv-00090-DCB Document 2064-6 Filed 09/01/17 Page 51 of 214 Quarterly Central Office Discipline Data Review 2016-17

12. From all the data presented above, please list up to 5 'hot spot' schools for the Central Discipline Committee to review:

- a. **Bloom** Bloom had the highest percentage increase in disciplinary incidents (12.38%) when compared to last year. They continue to have disparity in most subgroups. Bloom should continue to work on their Corrective Action Plan
- b. **Erickson** Erickson has an increase in disparity for African American students.
- c. **Miller** Miller has the third highest increase in Elementary Disciplinary incidents (3.18%) when compared to last year. They are also showing discipline disparity, but the numbers of these sub-groups are low (2,1, & 1)
- d. **Sewell** Sewell did not have any disciplinary incidents during the Second Quarter. They should not have to continue on a Corrective Action Plan.
- e. **Warren** Warren had the second highest increase (4.30%) in Elementary Disciplinary incidents when compared to last year. They are showing disparity in three subgroups, but their numbers are low (1,3, and 1)
- f. Whitmore Whitmore reduced their disciplinary incidents this quarter from 42 in the First Quarter to 14 in the Second Quarter. They are still showing disparity in African American discipline but the numbers are low (3).

This form will be filled out by the Assistant Superintendents, Mark Alvarez and Abel Morado and their Directors. This completed form will be submitted to the Central Office Discipline Data Review Team 1 day prior to the quarterly meeting. (Due Dates: Qtr 1- 11/15/16; Qtr 2- 1/17/17; Qtr 3- 4/18/17; and Qtr 4- 6/20/17)

Date: 1/13/17 Quarter under Review: Second

Table 1. School Level for This							
Report – Check One Row Only							
Elementary							
K-8	✓						
Middle							
High							

A. FORM SUBMISSION CHECK

1. Missing Reports: Identify Any Sites That Have Failed to Submit the *Site-Based Monthly Discipline Report* from Principals and the month(s) that they have missed. If none have missed, write "None" in Table 2 below.

Table 2. Missing Reports by Month							
School Name Missing Report(s) by Month							
Roskruge December							

B. SCHOOL CLIMATE (Use the KPI View)

- 2. Choose the schools with the highest rates of TOTAL violations.
 - a. Select: USP discipline KPI
 - b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = ALL; Violation Type = ALL.
 - c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.

d. Choose schools with incident rates of 1.5 or more times the District Average in the first column (up to 5) that are most concerning. In Table 3 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

3. What TOTAL violations are most common?

- a. Click on Violations by School for each of the select schools.
- b. Select from the drop down menus: Quarter= 1, 2, 3, or 4; School Level = the specific school only; Action Type = ALL.
- c. Click on the arrow to the left of the violations with the largest numbers of students to disaggregate the *Violation Type* into specific violations. E.g.

d. Record the four most frequent violations in Table 3 for each school and the N size.

Case 4:74-cv-00090-DCB Document 2064-6 Filed 09/01/17 Page 53 of 214

Quarterly Central Office Discipline Data Review 2016-17

Table 3. KPI: Total Violations for Hot Spot Schools										
SCHOOL	MOST CO	MOST COMMON TOTAL VIOLATIONS – Disaggregate Violation Types to see specific violation								
	Violation #1	N	Violation #2	N	Violation #3	N	Violation #4	N		
Dietz (2.9)	Aggression	27	Other	17	Attendance	5	Harassment	4		
Robins (2.6)	Aggression	18	Other	17	Attendance	7	Theft	3		
Hollinger (2.3)	Aggression	23	Other	10	Weapons, Dangerous	4	Alcohol, Tobacco	3		
Lawrence (2.3)	Aggression	14	Other	5	Weapons, Dangerous	4	Sexual Offenses	3		
Booth-Fickett (2.1)	Aggression	44	Harassment	9	Weapons, Dangerous	7	Alcohol, Tobacco	4		
Notes:										

4. Choose the schools with the highest rates of SUSPENSIONS.

- a. Select: USP discipline KPI
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = SUSPENSION; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.

Middle Schools

d. Choose schools with incident rates of 1.5 or more times the District Average in the first column (up to 5) that are most concerning. In Table 4 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

5. What SUSPENSIONS are most common?

- a. Click on Violations by School for each of the select schools.
- b. Select from the drop down menus: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; School Level = the specific school only; Action Type = SUSPENSION.
- c. Click on the arrow to the left of the violation with the largest numbers of students to disaggregate the *Violation Type* into specific violations. E.g.

Aggression

d. Record the four most frequent violations in Table 4 for each school and the N size.

6. Do These Sites Have an ISI Classroom?

- a. Click on the distinct student number with the most frequent violations in the column for *All Students* to produce a blue box around the cell.
- b. Right click within that cell to bring up a menu; click on *Show Detail* to review the Students, the Violation, the Action Category and the Action Type.
- 7. Review PBIS files from SharePoint, etc.
 - a. Compare/contrast interventions from each school to the data collected on Table 4.
 - b. Note any trends.

Case 4:74-cv-00090-DCB Document 2064-6 Filed 09/01/17 Page 54 of 214 Quarterly Central Office Discipline Data Review 2016-17

Table 4. KPI: Most Common Suspensions for Hot Spot Schools											
SCHOOL	SCHOOL MOST COMMON SUSPENSIONS – Disaggregate Violation Types to see specific violation								_	ISI AVAILABLE? Check Yes or No	
	Violation #1	N	Violation #2	N	Violation #3	N	Violation #4	N	Yes	No	
Pueblo Gardens (3.6)	Alcohol, Tobacco	5	Aggression	4	Other	2				✓	
Safford (3.2)	Aggression	13	Harassment	2	Theft	2	Trespassing	2	✓		
Lawrence (3.0)	Aggression	5								✓	
Booth- Fickett (2.8)	Aggression	12	Alcohol, Tobacco	4	Theft	2			✓		
Hollinger (2.5)	Aggression	4	Alcohol, Tobacco	3	Sexual Offenses	2				✓	
Notes:											

C. SCHOOL-BASED DATA (Use the Monthly Discipline Report and individual follow up with principals)

Instructions to fill out Table 5: The data reported in Table 5 is <u>school-based</u> and is not available on the Data Dashboard. Use the following data sources to complete this table: Principal Monthly Discipline Reports and individual communication with Principals to document their action plans or Performance Improvement Conversations (PIC) with teachers who over-refer students and/or repeatedly refer students each month.

List	Table 5. Monthly Data Report: Teacher Referrals List the top 10% of Schools with Teachers who referred a high number of Students this Quarter								
School Name	Referral Source e.g. Bus Drivers, Monitors, Playground/Grounds Monitor, Teachers, etc.	# of Referrals	Most Common Type of Incidence	Trouble Area and Times	Action that the Principal has taken with Teacher				

Case 4:74-cv-00090-DCB Document 2064-6 Filed 09/01/17 Page 55 of 214

Quarterly Central Office Discipline Data Review 2016-17

Please describe any patterns within schools or across schools when reviewing the teacher referrals this month? Describe the plan of support or other action:

D. RACIAL/ETHNIC DISPARITY REVIEW (Use the Risk Ratio View)

8. Choose the schools with the highest rates of TOTAL violations.

- a. Select: School Risk Ratio
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = ALL; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.
 - Middle Schools
- d. Choose schools that reflect a disparity of 1.5 or more between Anglo student *total disciplinary incidents* and rates for African American, Hispanic, Native American, or Multiracial groups.
- e. In Table 6 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

- a. Click on the school name to produce a blue box around the cell.
- b. The table on the right hand side of the page, called *School/Level Detail* shows the *Distinct Student Incident* (N size), the *Distinct Student Enrollment*, and the *Discipline Percent of the Population* (rate) of that selected school.
- c. Record any disparities and note trends in the comment section of Table 6.

Table 6. Risk Ratio: Total Violations by Ethnicity for Hot Spot Schools									
SCHOOL	RACE/ETHNIC GROUP	N SIZE	Percent	COMMENTS					
Booth Fickett	White/Anglo	8	3.19%						
3.5 Af. Am.	African American	18	11.25%						
1.9 Hisp.	Hispanic	32	6.15%						
	Native American	1	4.17%						
	Asian American	1	3.85%						
	Multi-Racial	1	2.22%						
Dietz	White/Anglo	8	4.85%						
2.3 Af. Am.	African American	18	11.18%						
1.5 Hisp	Hispanic	17	7.33%						
4.8 Multi	Native American	0	0						
	Asian American	0	0						
	Multi-Racial	6	23.08%						
Hollinger	White/Anglo	2	10.53%						
1.7 Af. Am.	African American	3	17.65%						
1.9 N. A.	Hispanic	26	5.43%						
	Native American	3	20.00%						
	Asian American	0	0						
	Multi-Racial	0	0						

	Pueblo Garde	ens	White/Anglo		1	5.00%		
	2.0 N. A.		African American	ì	1	4.00&		
	2.2 Asian		Hispanic		16	4.79%		
	2.7 Multi		Native American)	1	10.00%		
			Asian American		1	11.11%		
			Multi-Racial		2	13.33%		
	Robins		White/Anglo		6	5.83%		
	1.7 N.A.		African American	1	0	0		
	3.4 Multi		Hispanic		30	7.41%		
			Native American)	1	10.00%		
			Asian American		1	8.33%		
			Multi-Racial		3	20.00%		
Roskrug	e	White/A	nglo	1	1.92%			
2.7 Mult	ti	African A	American	0	0			
		Hispanio	;	4	0.76%			
		Native A	merican	1	1.82%			
		Asian Ar	nerican	0	0			
		Multi-Ra	acial	1	5.26%			

10. Choose the schools with the highest rates of SUSPENSIONS.

- a. Select: School Risk Ratio
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = SUSPENSIONS; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.
 - Middle Schools
- d. Choose schools that reflect a disparity of 1.5 or more between Anglo student *total* disciplinary incidents and rates for African American, Hispanic, Native American, or Multiracial groups.
- e. In Table 7 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

- f. Click on the school name to produce a blue box around the cell.
- g. The table on the right hand side of the page, called *School/Level Detail* shows the *Distinct Student Incident* (N size), the *Distinct Student Enrollment*, and the *Discipline Percent of the Population* (rate) of that selected school.
- h. Record any disparities and note trends in the comment section of Table 7.

Table 7.	Risk Ratio: Suspensions b	y Ethnicit	y for Hot S	pot Schools
SCHOOL	RACE/ETHNIC GROUP	N SIZE	Percent	COMMENTS
Booth Fickett	White/Anglo	2	0.80%	
5.5 Af. Am.	African American	7	4.38%	
2.4 Hisp.	Hispanic	10	1.92%	
	Native American	0	0	
	Asian American	0	0	
	Multi-Racial	0	0	
Dietz	White/Anglo	3	1.82%	
4.2 Multi	African American	1	0.62%	\//

	Hispanic	4	1.72%	
	Native American	0	0	
	Asian American	0	0	
	Multi-Racial	2	7.69%	
Pueblo Gardens	White/Anglo	1	5.00%	
2.0 N. A.	African American	0	0	
	Hispanic	5	1.50%	
	Native American	1	10.00%	
	Asian American	1	11.11%	
	Multi-Racial	2	13.33%	
	White/Anglo			
	African American			
	Hispanic			
	Native American			
	Asian American			
	Multi-Racial			

	K-8 Schools									
				2015			2016		Diffe	rence
School	Principal	Director	Incidents	Students	%	Incidents	Students	%	Loss	Gain
Booth-Fickett	N. Flores	Scheppe	60	1230	4.88%	61	1026	5.95%		1.07%
Dietz	T. McKee	Marin	17	532	3.20%	49	616	7.95%		4.75%
Hollinger	B. Lambert	Marin	39	499	7.82%	34	543	6.26%	1.56%	
Lawrence	A. Kobritz	Marin	24	354	6.78%	22	343	6.41%	0.37%	
McCorkle	S. Thiffault	Scheppe	4	892	0.45%	10	941	1.06%		0.61%
Naylor	C. Zepeda	Scheppe	23	689	3.34%	22	596	3.69%		0.35%
Pueblo Gardens	S. Aleshire	Leman	25	382	6.54%	22	413	5.33%	1.21%	
Robins	C. Thomas	Leman	6	576	1.04%	41	560	7.32%		6.28%
Safford	S. Gabaldon	Scheppe	50	798	6.27%	36	747	4.82%	1.45%	
All	K-8 Schools		288	9020	3.19%	322	8871	3.63%		0.44%

12. From all the data presented above, please list up to 5 'hot spot' schools for the Central Discipline Committee to review:

- a. **Booth Fickett** The school has continued to have disparity in the discipline of African American students. I recommend that they continue to work on their Corrective Action Plan.
- b. **Lawrence** Lawrence continues to show disparity in the discipline of Native American students. I recommend that they continue to work on their Corrective Action Plan.
- c. **Dietz** Dietz has had a significant increase in discipline this quarter when compared to 2015. They are showing disparity in discipline with their African American and Hispanic students. I recommend that they create a Corrective Action Plan for the Second Quarter.
- d. **Robins** Robins' disciplinary incidents have increased by 6.28% this year. They are showing disparity in the discipline of Hispanic students. I recommend that they create a Corrective Action Plan for the Second Quarter.

This form will be filled out by the Assistant Superintendents, Mark Alvarez and Abel Morado and their Directors. This completed form will be submitted to the Central Office Discipline Data Review Team 1 day prior to the quarterly meeting. (Due Dates: Qtr 1- 11/15/16; Qtr 2- 1/17/17; Qtr 3- 4/18/17; and Qtr 4- 6/20/17)

Date: 1/13/17 Quarter under Review: Second

Table 1. School Level for This							
Report – Check One Row Only							
Elementary							
K-8							
Middle	✓						
High							

A. FORM SUBMISSION CHECK

1. Missing Reports: Identify Any Sites That Have Failed to Submit the *Site-Based Monthly Discipline Report* from Principals and the month(s) that they have missed. If none have missed, write "None" in Table 2 below.

	Table 2. Missing Reports by Month						
School Name	Missing Report(s) by Month						
None	None						

B. SCHOOL CLIMATE (Use the KPI View)

- 2. Choose the schools with the highest rates of TOTAL violations.
 - a. Select: USP discipline KPI
 - b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = ALL; Violation Type = ALL.
 - c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.

d. Choose schools with incident rates of 1.5 or more times the District Average in the first column (up to 5) that are most concerning. In Table 3 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

3. What TOTAL violations are most common?

- a. Click on Violations by School for each of the select schools.
- b. Select from the drop down menus: Quarter= 1, 2, 3, or 4; School Level = the specific school only; Action Type = ALL.
- c. Click on the arrow to the left of the violations with the largest numbers of students to disaggregate the *Violation Type* into specific violations. E.g.

Aggression	
------------	--

d. Record the four most frequent violations in Table 3 for each school and the N size.

Case 4:74-cv-00090-DCB Document 2064-6 Filed 09/01/17 Page 59 of 214

Quarterly Central Office Discipline Data Review 2016-17

	Tak	ole 3.	KPI: Total Violati	ions f	or Hot Spot Schools	3		
SCHOOL	MOST COMMON	TOT	AL VIOLATIONS – L	Disag	gregate Violation Ty	pes t	o see specific violati	on
	Violation #1	N	N Violation #2 N Violation #3 N Vio					N
Valencia (2.3)	Aggression	99	Alcohol, Tobacco	21	Sexual Offenses	10	Vandalism	7
Utterback (1.8)	Aggression	31	Weapons, Dangerous	11	Harassment, Threat	9	Other	7
Pistor (1.6)	Aggression	79	Sexual Offenses	7	Vandalism	4	Weapons, Dangerous	3

Notes: Dodge has been logging restorative incidents as discipline and has now fixed this practice for quarter 2. Doolen and Valencia have had a high number of fights and DOC, as well as a moderately high number of assaults.

4. Choose the schools with the highest rates of SUSPENSIONS.

- a. Select: USP discipline KPI
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = SUSPENSION; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.

Middle Schools

d. Choose schools with incident rates of 1.5 or more times the District Average in the first column (up to 5) that are most concerning. In Table 4 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

5. What SUSPENSIONS are most common?

- a. Click on Violations by School for each of the select schools.
- b. Select from the drop down menus: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; School Level = the specific school only; Action Type = SUSPENSION.
- c. Click on the arrow to the left of the violation with the largest numbers of students to disaggregate the *Violation Type* into specific violations. E.g.

Aggression

d. Record the four most frequent violations in Table 4 for each school and the N size.

6. Do These Sites Have an ISI Classroom?

- a. Click on the distinct student number with the most frequent violations in the column for *All Students* to produce a blue box around the cell.
- b. Right click within that cell to bring up a menu; click on *Show Detail* to review the Students, the Violation, the Action Category and the Action Type.

7. Review PBIS files from SharePoint, etc.

- a. Compare/contrast interventions from each school to the data collected on Table 4.
- b. Note any trends.

	Table 4. KPI: Most Common Suspensions for Hot Spot Schools										
SCHOOL	MOST CON	ИΜΟ	N SUSPENSIONS			olati	on Types to see	2	_	AILABLE?	
		ı	spec	ijic vi	iolation				Спеск	Yes or No	
	Violation #1	N	Violation #2	N	Violation #3	N	Violation #4	Z	Yes	No	
Valencia (2.2)	Aggression	44	Alcohol, Tobacco	21	Sexual Offenses	4	Vandalism	4	✓		
Secrist (1.9)	Aggression	23	Weapons, Dangerous	4	Alcohol, Tobacco	3			✓		
Gridley (1.5)	Aggression	24	Alcohol, Tobacco	7	Weapons, Dangerous	4	School Threat	3	✓		
Magee (1.5)	Aggression	24	Alcohol, Tobacco	7	Other	3	Sexual Offenses	2	✓		
Utterback (1.5)	Aggression	16	Attendance	5	Alcohol, Tobacco	3	Vandalism	3	✓		
Notes:				ı	1	1			I		

C. SCHOOL-BASED DATA (Use the Monthly Discipline Report and individual follow up with principals)

Instructions to fill out Table 5: The data reported in Table 5 is <u>school-based</u> and is not available on the Data Dashboard. Use the following data sources to complete this table: Principal Monthly Discipline Reports and individual communication with Principals to document their action plans or Performance Improvement Conversations (PIC) with teachers who over-refer students and/or repeatedly refer students each month.

List t	Table 5. Monthly Data Report: Teacher Referrals List the top 10% of Schools with Teachers who referred a high number of Students this Quarter									
School Name	Referral Source e.g. Bus Drivers, Monitors, Playground/Grounds Monitor, Teachers, etc.	# of Referrals	Most Common Type of Incidence	Trouble Area and Times	Action that the Principal has taken with Teacher					
Doolen	teachers	11	Defiance/Disruption	Classroom	Teacher trainings in Capturing kids hearts and Fred Jones					
Pistor	Teacher	110	Dress code/ defiance	Classroom	Retraining on PBIS. Teacher trainings in Capturing kids hearts and Fred Jones					
Utterback	Particular teacher	2	Disruption	Classroom	RP and classroom management training					

					plus added support in the classroom. Teacher trainings in Capturing kids hearts and Fred Jones
Valencia	Teachers	93	DOC and minor aggression	Classroom	Teacher trainings in Capturing kids hearts and Fred Jones. Additional support from instructional coach and dean.

D. RACIAL/ETHNIC DISPARITY REVIEW (Use the Risk Ratio View)

- 8. Choose the schools with the highest rates of TOTAL violations.
 - a. Select: School Risk Ratio
 - b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = ALL; Violation Type = ALL.
 - c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.
 - Middle Schools
 - d. Choose schools that reflect a disparity of 1.5 or more between Anglo student *total disciplinary incidents* and rates for African American, Hispanic, Native American, or Multiracial groups.
 - e. In Table 6 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.
- 9. Do the raw numbers reflect an "N" size that supports a meaningful analysis?
 - a. Click on the school name to produce a blue box around the cell.
 - b. The table on the right hand side of the page, called *School/Level Detail* shows the *Distinct Student Incident* (N size), the *Distinct Student Enrollment*, and the *Discipline Percent of the Population* (rate) of that selected school.
 - c. Record any disparities and note trends in the comment section of Table 6.

Table 6. Ris	Table 6. Risk Ratio: Total Violations by Ethnicity for Hot Spot Schools									
SCHOOL	RACE/ETHNIC GROUP	N SIZE	Percent	COMMENTS						
Dodge	White/Anglo	3	3.19%							
2.9 Af. Am.	African American	3	9.38%							
1.6 Hispanic	Hispanic	13	5.24%							
3.7 Multi	Native American	0	0							
	Asian American	0	0							
	Multi-Racial	2	11.76%							
Gridley	White/Anglo	15	4.42%							
3.1 Af. Am.	African American	12	13.64%							
1.5 Hisp.	Hispanic	20	6.54%							
1.5 Asian	Native American	0	0							

			Asian American		2	6.67%	
_			Multi-Racial	·	1	3.33%	
	Magee		White/Anglo		17	5.80%	
	2.5 Af. Am.		African America	า	10	14.29%	
	5.7 N. A.		Hispanic		16	6.06%	
			Native American	<u> </u>	3	33.33%	
			Asian American		0	0	
		_	Multi-Racial		1	5.00%	
Pistor		White/A	nglo	3	5.77%		
2.6 Af. A	m.	African	American	4	14.81%		
1.6 Hisp.				71	8.95%		
3.2 N. A.		Native A	American	10	18.18%		
3.9 Mult	i	Asian A	merican	0	0		
		Multi-Ra	acial	4	22.22%		
Utterbad	ck	White/A	nglo	2	8.70%		
2.8 Af. A	.8 Af. Am. African		American	9	24.32%		
1.8 N.A.		Hispanio		35	9.07%		
		Native A	merican	4	15.38%		
		Asian A	merican	0	0		
		Multi-Ra	acial	1	10.00%		
Vail		White/A	nglo	9	4.00%		
2.5 Af. A	m.	African	American	7	10.14%		
2.5 N. A.		Hispanio		17	4.44%		
1.5 Mult	i	Native A	American	1	10.00%		
		Asian A	merican	0	0		
		Multi -R	acial	2	6.06%		
Valencia	1	White/A	nglo	10	11.36%		
1.9 Af. A		African	American	5	21.74%		
1.6 N. A.		Hispanio		99	12.87%		
1.5 Mult	i	Native A	American	14	18.42%		
		Asian Aı	nerican	0	0		
		Multi -R	acial	2	16.67%		

10. Choose the schools with the highest rates of SUSPENSIONS.

- a. Select: School Risk Ratio
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = SUSPENSIONS; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.
 - Middle Schools
- d. Choose schools that reflect a disparity of 1.5 or more between Anglo student *total* disciplinary incidents and rates for African American, Hispanic, Native American, or Multiracial groups.
- e. In Table 7 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

- f. Click on the school name to produce a blue box around the cell.
- g. The table on the right hand side of the page, called *School/Level Detail* shows the *Distinct Student Incident* (N size), the *Distinct Student Enrollment*, and the *Discipline Percent of the Population* (rate) of that selected school.
- h. Record any disparities and note trends in the comment section of Table 7.
 VI 44, p. 18

Table 7. Risk Ratio: Suspensions by Ethnicity for Hot Spot Schools								
SCHOOL	RACE/ETHNIC GROUP	N SIZE	Percent	COMMENTS				
Doolen	White/Anglo	6	2.74%					
2.5 AfAm	African American	7	6.80%					
2.1 NaAm	Hispanic	7	2.55%					
	Native American	1	5.88%					
	Asian American	0	0					
	Multi-Racial	1	3.33%					
Gridley	White/Anglo	11	3.24%					
3.2 AfAm	African American	9	10.23%					
1.6 Hisp.	Hispanic	16	5.23%					
	Native American	0	0					
	Asian American	1	3.33%					
	Multi-Racial	1	3.33%					
Magee	White/Anglo	11	3.75%					
3.0 AfAm	African American	8	11.43%					
8.9 N. A.	Hispanic	9	3.41%					
	Native American	3	33.33%					
	Asian American	0	0					
	Multi-Racial	1	5.00%					
Pistor	White/Anglo	1	1.92%					
3.9 AfAm	African American	2	7.41%					
1.8 Hisp.	Hispanic	28	3.53%					
4.7 NaAm	Native American	5	9.09%					
5.8 Multi	Asian American	0	0					
	Multi-Racial	2	11.11%					
Utterback	White/Anglo	1	4.35%					
2.5 AfAm	African American	4	10.81%					
2.3 Multi	Hispanic	16	4.15%					
	Native American	1	3.85%					
	Asian American	0	0					
	Multi-Racial	1	10.00%					

Vail		White/Anglo	4	1.78%		
4.9 AfAr	m	African American	6	8.70%		
2.1 Hisp).	Hispanic	14	3.66%		
5.6 N.A.		Native American	1	10.00%		
3.4 Mul	ti	Asian American	0	0		
		Multi-Racial	2	6.06%		
Valencia	a	White/Anglo	7	7.95%		
1.6 AfAr	m	African American	3	13.04%		
1.7 N. A		Hispanic	45	5.85%		
2.1 Mul	ti	Native American	10	13.16%		
		Asian American	0	0		
		Multi-Racial	2	16.67%		

	Middle Schools									
2015 2016 Difference								ence		
School	Principal	Director	Incidents	Students	%	Incidents	Students	%	Loss	Gain

Case 4:74-cv-00090-DCB Document 2064-6 Filed 09/01/17 Page 64 of 214 Quarterly Central Office Discipline Data Review 2016-17

Dodge	D. Schulter	Konrad	15	417	3.60%	21	410	5.12%		1.52%
Doolen	R. Morales	Konrad	41	719	5.70%	55	679	8.10%		2.40%
Gridley	K. Taravati	Konrad	77	732	10.52%	50	798	6.27%	4.25%	
Magee	J. Lindsay	Konrad	47	641	7.33%	47	669	7.03%	0.30%	
Mansfeld	R. Sanchez	Konrad	18	807	2.23%	33	838	3.94%		1.71%
Pistor	A. Wichers	Konrad	76	942	8.07%	92	953	9.65%		1.58%
Secrist	D. Garcia	Konrad	102	550	18.55%	39	481	8.11%	10.44%	

548

646

980

6947

15.33%

3.41%

8.67%

8.15%

51

36

130

552

10.58%

4.89%

13.39%

7.90%

736

971

6983

4.75%

0.25%

1.48%

4.72%

R. Dunbar

L. Filler

M. Beck

All Middle Schools

Konrad

Konrad

Konrad

84

22

85

566

Utterback

Valencia

Vail

12. From all the data presented above, please list up to 5 'hot spot' schools for the Central Discipline Committee to review:

- a. **Valencia** Valencia continues to show disparity in discipline and has had a 4.72% increase in the number of incidents compared to data from 2015. I recommend that Valencia continue with their Corrective Action Plan
- b. **Doolen** While Doolen has improved their discipline disparity as shown in the KPI table, they have increased the number of incidents from last year by 2.40 %. I recommend that they continue with their Corrective Action Plan.
- c. **Utterback** Utterback has significantly reduced the number of discipline incidents by 10.44% from 2015. However, the school continues to show disparity in their discipline. I recommend a continuation of their Corrective Action Plan
- d. **Pistor** Pistor is showing disparity in three sub-groups this Quarter. I recommend that they write a Corrective Action Plan to address these concerns and the high number of disciplinary incidents.

This form will be filled out by the Assistant Superintendents, Mark Alvarez and Abel Morado and their Directors. This completed form will be submitted to the Central Office Discipline Data Review Team 1 day prior to the quarterly meeting. (Due Dates: Qtr 1- 11/15/16; Qtr 2- 1/17/17; Qtr 3- 4/18/17; and Qtr 4- 6/20/17)

Date: 1/16/17 Quarter under Review: Second

Table 1. School Level for This					
Report – Check One Row Only					
Elementary					
K-8					
Middle					
High	✓				

A. FORM SUBMISSION CHECK

1. Missing Reports: Identify Any Sites That Have Failed to Submit the *Site-Based Monthly Discipline Report* from Principals and the month(s) that they have missed. If none have missed, write "None" in Table 2 below.

Table 2. Missing Reports by Month					
School Name Missing Report(s) by Month					
Cholla December					
TAP	December				

B. SCHOOL CLIMATE (Use the KPI View)

- 2. Choose the schools with the highest rates of TOTAL violations.
 - a. Select: USP discipline KPI
 - b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = ALL; Violation Type = ALL.
 - c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.

d. Choose schools with incident rates of 1.5 or more times the District Average in the first column (up to 5) that are most concerning. In Table 3 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

3. What TOTAL violations are most common?

- a. Click on Violations by School for each of the select schools.
- b. Select from the drop down menus: Quarter= 1, 2, 3, or 4; School Level = the specific school only; Action Type = ALL.
- c. Click on the arrow to the left of the violations with the largest numbers of students to disaggregate the *Violation Type* into specific violations. E.g.

d. Record the four most frequent violations in Table 3 for each school and the N size.

Case 4:74-cv-00090-DCB Document 2064-6 Filed 09/01/17 Page 66 of 214

Quarterly Central Office Discipline Data Review 2016-17

Table 3. KPI: Total Violations for Hot Spot Schools									
SCHOOL MOST COMMON TOTAL VIOLATIONS – Disaggregate Violation Types to see specific violation									
	Violation #1	N	Violation #2	N	Violation #3	Ν	Violation #4	N	
Santa Rita (2.3)	Aggression	14	Alcohol, Tobacco	7	Vandalism	3	Weapons, Dangerous Items	2	
Catalina (1.8)	Aggression	20	Alcohol, Tobacco	9	Other	5			
Palo Verde (1.6)	Aggression	22	Alcohol, Tobacco	14	Harassment, Threat	6	Theft	4	
Notes:									

4. Choose the schools with the highest rates of SUSPENSIONS.

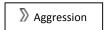
- a. Select: USP discipline KPI
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = SUSPENSION; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.

Middle Schools

d. Choose schools with incident rates of 1.5 or more times the District Average in the first column (up to 5) that are most concerning. In Table 4 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

5. What SUSPENSIONS are most common?

- a. Click on Violations by School for each of the select schools.
- b. Select from the drop down menus: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; School Level = the specific school only; Action Type = SUSPENSION.
- c. Click on the arrow to the left of the violation with the largest numbers of students to disaggregate the *Violation Type* into specific violations. E.g.



d. Record the four most frequent violations in Table 4 for each school and the N size.

6. Do These Sites Have an ISI Classroom?

- a. Click on the distinct student number with the most frequent violations in the column for *All Students* to produce a blue box around the cell.
- b. Right click within that cell to bring up a menu; click on *Show Detail* to review the Students, the Violation, the Action Category and the Action Type.

7. Review PBIS files from SharePoint, etc.

- a. Compare/contrast interventions from each school to the data collected on Table 4.
- b. Note any trends.

Case 4:74-cv-00090-DCB Document 2064-6 Filed 09/01/17 Page 67 of 214 Quarterly Central Office Discipline Data Review 2016-17

SCHOOL	MOST CO	MOST COMMON SUSPENSIONS – Disaggregate Violation Types to see specific violation								ISI AVAILABLE? Check Yes or No	
	Violation #1	N	Violation #2	N	Violation #3	Yes	No				
Catalina (3.3)	Aggression	16	Alcohol, Tobacco	9	Other	2	2 Weapons, Dangerous		✓		
Santa Rita (3.1)	Aggression	8	Alcohol, Tobacco	6	Weapons, Dangerous	2	Vandalism	1	✓		
Cholla (2.3)	Alcohol, Tobacco	25	Aggression	19	Other	3	Weapons, Dangerous	2	✓		
Palo Verde (2.2)	Alcohol, Tobacco	14	Aggression	12	School Threat	3	Weapons, Dangerous	2	✓		
Pueblo (1.9)	Alcohol, Tobacco	17	Aggression	16	Attendance	3	Harassment	2	√		

C. SCHOOL-BASED DATA (Use the Monthly Discipline Report and individual follow up with principals)

Instructions to fill out Table 5: The data reported in Table 5 is <u>school-based</u> and is not available on the Data Dashboard. Use the following data sources to complete this table: Principal Monthly Discipline Reports and individual communication with Principals to document their action plans or Performance Improvement Conversations (PIC) with teachers who over-refer students and/or repeatedly refer students each month.

Table 5. Monthly Data Report: Teacher Referrals List the top 10% of Schools with Teachers who referred a high number of Students this Quarter								
School Name	Referral Source e.g. Bus Drivers, Monitors, Playground/Grounds Monitor, Teachers, etc.	# of Referrals	Most Common Type of Incidence	Trouble Area and Times	Action that the Principal has taken with Teacher			

D. RACIAL/ETHNIC DISPARITY REVIEW (Use the Risk Ratio View)

8. Choose the schools with the highest rates of TOTAL violations.

- a. Select: School Risk Ratio
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = ALL; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.
 - Middle Schools
- d. Choose schools that reflect a disparity of 1.5 or more between Anglo student *total disciplinary incidents* and rates for African American, Hispanic, Native American, or Multiracial groups.
- e. In Table 6 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

- a. Click on the school name to produce a blue box around the cell.
- b. The table on the right hand side of the page, called *School/Level Detail* shows the *Distinct Student Incident* (N size), the *Distinct Student Enrollment*, and the *Discipline Percent of the Population* (rate) of that selected school.
- c. Record any disparities and note trends in the comment section of Table 6.

Table 6. Risk	Table 6. Risk Ratio: Total Violations by Ethnicity for Hot Spot Schools								
SCHOOL	RACE/ETHNIC GROUP	N SIZE	Percent	COMMENTS					
Catalina	White/Anglo	9	4.84%						
African American: 1.7	African American	11	8.15%						
Hispanic: 0.5	Hispanic	9	2.49%						
Native American: 2.3	Native American	2	11.11%						
Asian American: 0	Asian American	0	0						
Multi-Racial: 3.2	Multi-Racial	2	15.38%						
Palo Verde	White/Anglo	11	3.85%						
African American: 0.9	African American	9	3.57%						
Hispanic: 0.9	Hispanic	21	3.48%						
Native American:1.2	Native American	1	4.76%						
Asian American: 1.1	Asian American	2	4.35%						
Multi-Racial: 1.9	Multi-Racial	4	7.41%						
Rincon	White/Anglo	3	1.36%						
African American: 2.0	African American	5	2.67%						
Hispanic: 2.1	Hispanic	18	2.81%						
Native American: 0	Native American	0	0						
Asian American: 1.5	Asian American	1	2.0%						
Multi-Racial: 0	Multi-Racial	0	0						

Sahuaro	White/Anglo	10	1.28%	
African American: 4.7	African American	12	5.97%	
Hispanic: 1.4	Hispanic	13	1.84%	
Native American: 0	Native American	0	0	
Asian American: 0	Asian American	0	0	
Multi-Racial: 1.2	Multi-Racial	1	1.49%	
Tucson	White/Anglo	10	2.54%	
African American: 2.0	African American	10	5.03%	
Hispanic: 0.6	Hispanic	37	1.63%	
Native American: 1.6	Native American	5	3.97%	
Asian American: 0	Asian American	0	0	
Multi-Racial: 1.4	Multi-Racial	3	3.66%	

10. Choose the schools with the highest rates of SUSPENSIONS.

- a. Select: School Risk Ratio
- b. Select from drop down menus at the top of the page: Quarter = 1, 2, 3, or 4; Action Type = SUSPENSIONS; Violation Type = ALL.
- c. Disaggregate the school level by clicking on the arrow to the left of the name. E.g.
 - Middle Schools
- d. Choose schools that reflect a disparity of 1.5 or more between Anglo student *total disciplinary incidents* and rates for African American, Hispanic, Native American, or Multiracial groups.
- e. In Table 7 in the column called 'School', write the selected schools.

- f. Click on the school name to produce a blue box around the cell.
- g. The table on the right hand side of the page, called *School/Level Detail* shows the *Distinct Student Incident* (N size), the *Distinct Student Enrollment*, and the *Discipline Percent of the Population* (rate) of that selected school.
- h. Record any disparities and note trends in the comment section of Table 7.

Table 7. Risk Ratio: Suspensions by Ethnicity for Hot Spot Schools								
SCHOOL	RACE/ETHNIC GROUP	N SIZE	Percent	COMMENTS				
Catalina	White/Anglo	6	3.23%					
African American: 2.5	African American	11	8.15%					
Hispanic: 0.4	Hispanic	5	1.38%					
Native American: 3.4	Native American	2	11.11%					
Asian American: .0	Asian American	0	0					
Multi-Racial: 4.8	Multi-Racial	2	15.38%					
Palo Verde	White/Anglo	4	1.40%					
African American: 2.3	African American	8	3.17%					
Hispanic: 1.5	Hispanic	13	2.15%					
Native American: 0	Native American	0	0					
Asian American: 0	Asian American	0	0					
Multi-Racial: 5.3	Multi-Racial	4	7.41%					
Rincon	White/Anglo	1	0.45%					

		1	1	
African American: 3.5	African American	3	1.60%	
Hispanic: 4.1	Hispanic	12	1.88%	
Native American: 0	Native American	0	0	
Asian American:5.0	Asian American	1	2.00%	
Multi-Racial: 4.2	Multi-Racial	0	0	
Sabino	White/Anglo	4	0.77%	
African American: 2.1	African American	1	1.61%	
Hispanic: 2.1	Hispanic	5	1.63%	
Native American: 0	Native American	0	0	
Asian American: 5.0	Asian American	1	3.85%	
Multi-Racial: 4.2	Multi-Racial	1	3.23%	
Sahuaro	White/Anglo	3	0.38%	
African American: 7.8	African American	6	2.99%	
Hispanic: 3.3	Hispanic	9	1.27%	
Native American: 0	Native American	0	0	
Asian American: 0	Asian American	0	0	
Multi-Racial: 0	Multi-Racial	0	0	
Tucson	White/Anglo	3	0.76%	
African American: 4.6	African American	7	3.52%	
Hispanic: 0.8	Hispanic	14	0.62%	
Native American: 2.1	Native American	2	1.59%	
Asian American: 0	Asian American	0	0	
Multi-Racial: 1.6	Multi-Racial	1	1.22%	

Second Quarter Discipline Incidents - High Schools										
				2015			Difference			
School	Principal	Director	Incidents	Students	%	Incidents	Students	%	Loss	Gain
Catalina	A. Holley	McCollum	22	814	2.70%	33	758	4.35%		1.65%
Cholla	R. Armenta	Munger	34	1877	1.81%	64	1905	3.36%		1.55%
Palo Verde	E. Brock	McCollum	60	1234	4.86%	48	1263	3.80%	1.06%	
Pueblo	A. Romero	Munger	40	1633	2.45%	51	1741	2.93%		0.48%
Rincon	A. Welch	McCollum	23	1172	1.96%	27	1148	2.35%		0.39%
Sabino	R. Doty	McCollum	40	967	4.14%	31	950	3.26%	0.88%	
Sahuaro	R. Estrella	Munger	15	1756	0.85%	36	1822	1.98%		1.13%
Santa Rita	J. Palacios	McCollum	20	535	3.74%	26	465	5.59%		1.85%
Tucson	S. Rodriguez	Munger	33	3191	1.03%	65	3124	2.08%		1.05%
	All High Schools		287	14183	2.02%	381	14225	2.68%		0.66%

- 12. From all the data presented above, please list up to 5 'hot spot' schools for the Central Discipline Committee to review:
 - a. **Catalina:** Catalina's discipline disparity continues to be high for African American students, Native Americans, and Multi-Racial students. Their Second Quarter incidents have increased by 1.65% when compared to the 15-16 School Year. It is recommended that they continue to be on a Corrective Action Plan for the Second Quarter.
 - b. **Cholla:** Cholla's Second Quarter discipline rate increased by 1.55% when compared to the 15-16 School Year. They did not submit a December Discipline Report.
 - c. **Santa Rita:** Santa Rita continues to show disparity for Anglo and African American students. Their incident rate increased by 1.85% when compared to the 15-16 School Year. It is recommended that they continue to be on a Corrective Action Plan for the Second Quarter.